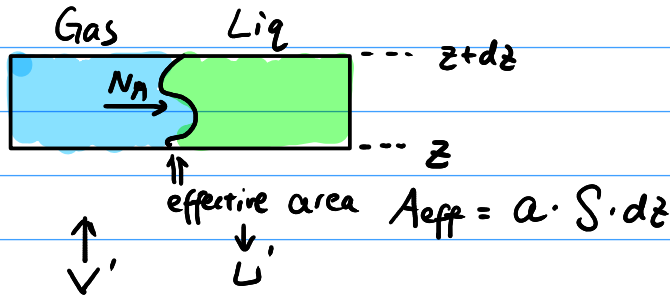


In-depth analysis for packed absorption tower!

Example: { Analysis of concentration profile $x(z), y(z)$
 Design of packed bed height z



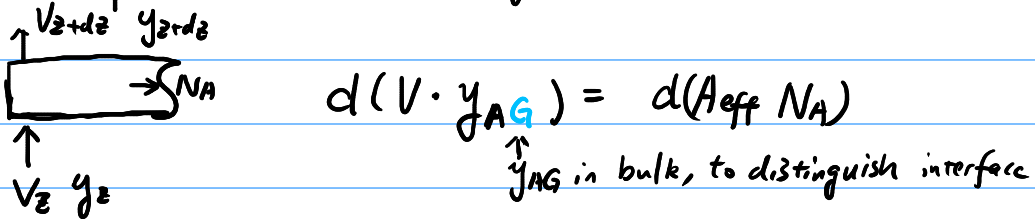
We need to solve mass balance in 1-phase!
 For such control volume, we get

$$In_{liq} + In_{gas} = Out_{liq} + Out_{gas}$$

$$\frac{d(L \cdot x)}{dz} \leftarrow \frac{In_{liq} - Out_{liq}}{dz} = \frac{Out_{gas} - In_{gas}}{dz} \Rightarrow d(V \cdot y)$$

① Gov. Eq: $\frac{d(V \cdot y)}{dz} = \frac{d(L \cdot x)}{dz}$

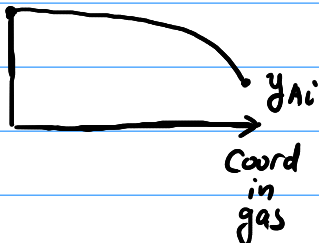
② Each phase mass balance gives differential eq. for $d(V \cdot y)$ & $d(L \cdot x)$



$$d(A_{eff} N_A) ?$$

$$= \frac{k_y'}{y_{Bm}} (y_{AG} - y_{Ai}) \cdot a \cdot S \cdot dz$$

y_{AG}



y_{Bm} : log mean of $(1 - y_A)$ from bulk $y_{AG} \rightarrow y_{Ai}$
 other form $(1 - y_A)_{lm} \leftarrow$ log mean
 ↑ interface

* The log-mean form is assumed for the exponential y_A profile at boundary (diffusion through non-diffusing B)

$$d(V y_{AG}) = d\left(V' \cdot \frac{y_{AG}}{1-y_{AG}}\right) = \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{Constant!}}}{V'} d\left(\frac{y_{AG}}{1-y_{AG}}\right)$$

Combine with expression for $d(N_A \cdot A_{eff})$, we get:

$$\frac{d\left(\frac{y}{1-y}\right)}{d\left(\frac{y}{1-y}\right)} = \frac{1 \cdot (1-y) - y \cdot (-1)}{(1-y)^2} = \frac{1}{(1-y)^2}$$

$$V' d\left(\frac{y_{AG}}{1-y_{AG}}\right) = \frac{k_y' a}{(1-y_A)_{im}} (y_{AG} - y_{Ai}) S dz$$

$$V' \frac{1}{(1-y_{AG})^2} d y_{AG} = \frac{k_y' a S}{(1-y_A)_{im}} (y_{AG} - y_{Ai}) dz$$

\uparrow
variable is y_{AG}

\uparrow
where to get y_{Ai} ?
from eq curve!
↳ k_x'/k_y'

Goal is to have tower height solved, so expression of Z

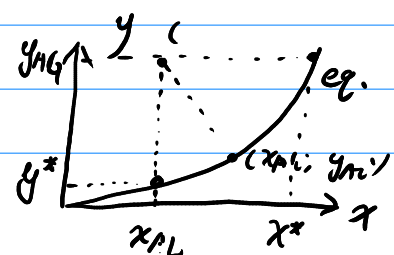
$$dz = \frac{V'}{\frac{k_y' a S}{(1-y_A)_{im}}} \cdot \frac{1}{(1-y_{AG})^2 (y_{AG} - y_{Ai})} d y_{AG}$$

$$\text{Height } Z = \int_0^Z dz = \int_{y_2}^{y_1} \frac{V'}{\frac{k_y' a S}{(1-y_A)_{im}}} \cdot \frac{1}{(1-y_{AG})^2 (y_{AG} - y_{Ai})} d y_{AG}$$

Same equation for liquid

$$Z = \int_0^Z dz = \int_{x_2}^{x_1} \frac{L'}{\frac{k_x' a S}{(1-x_A)_{im}}} \cdot \frac{1}{(1-x_{AL})^2 (x_{AL} - x_{Ai})} dx_{AL}$$

If $\begin{cases} k_x' \rightarrow k_x' \\ k_y' \rightarrow k_y' \end{cases}$ all $x_{Ai} \Rightarrow x_A^*$
 $y_{Ai} \Rightarrow y_A^*$



The previous equations are powerful, but not very easy to solve
(you can use numerical integration, though!)

We need a few simplified cases

Case 1: Absorption of diluted gas mixture

Dilute? \Rightarrow usually $x_A < 0.1$ (10 mol%)

What are constant? k_x', k_y' , & $1 - x_A \approx 1 - y_A \approx 1$

$$\text{Also } \begin{cases} V = V' \frac{1}{1-y} \approx V' \text{ constant} \\ L = L' \frac{1}{1-x} \approx V' \text{ constant} \end{cases}$$

If simplify $y = y_{AG}$ $y_i = y_{Ai}$

$$Z = \int_0^Z dz = \int_{y_2}^{y_1} \frac{V'}{k_y' a S} \cdot \frac{1}{(1-y_{AG})^2 (y_{AG} - y_{Ai})} dy_{AG}$$

simplify \Downarrow

$$Z = \left[\frac{V}{k_y' a S} \cdot \frac{1}{(1-y)} \right] \int_{y_2}^{y_1} \frac{dy}{y - y_i}$$

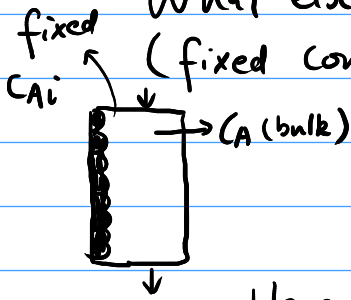
$$= \frac{V}{k_y' a S} \cdot \int_{y_2}^{y_1} \frac{dy}{y - y_i} \quad \ln \left(\frac{y_1 - y_i}{y_2 - y_i} \right)$$

$$\frac{V}{S} = k_y' a Z \frac{1}{\ln \left(\frac{y_1 - y_i}{y_2 - y_i} \right)} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right\} \text{multiply by } (y_1 - y_2)$$

$$\frac{V}{S} (y_1 - y_2) = k_y' a Z \frac{(y_1 - y_i) - (y_2 - y_i)}{\ln \left(\frac{y_1 - y_i}{y_2 - y_i} \right)} \Rightarrow \text{log mean of } \begin{matrix} (y_1 - y_i) \\ (y_2 - y_i) \end{matrix}$$

$$= k_y' a Z \underline{(y - y_i)_m} \quad \rightarrow \text{log mean driving force}$$

What else system has log-mean driving force? (L21)
 (fixed concentration packed bed)



$$Q (C_2 - C_1) = k_c' a H (c_i - c)_m$$

Here:

$$\frac{V}{S} (y_1 - y_2) = k_y' a Z (y_1 - y_i)_m$$

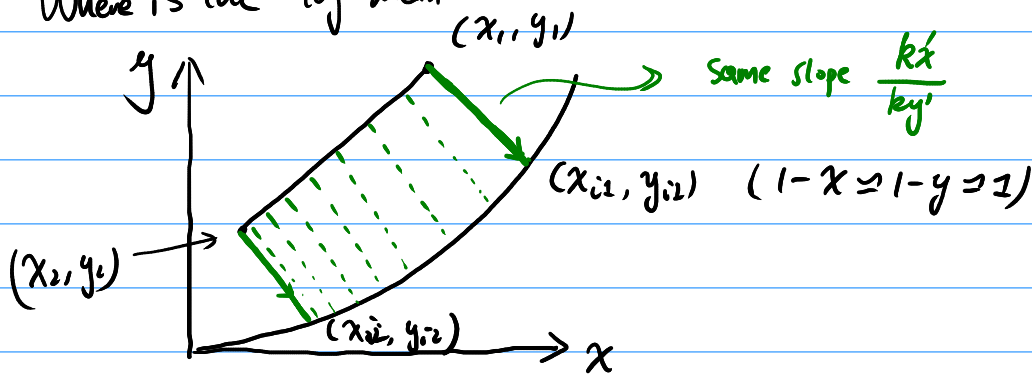
$$\frac{\text{kg mol}}{\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{s}} \cdot \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{m}^3} \cdot \text{m}$$

↑ varying y_i interface!

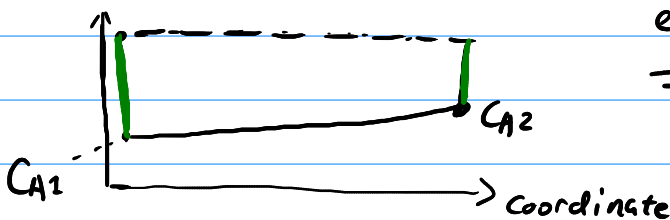
So, for dilute system with const k_y
 1-phase mass balance

$$[\text{Flow rate}] [\text{Conc diff}] = [\text{Mass Transfer coeff}] \cdot [\text{Aeff}] \cdot [\text{log mean D.F.}]$$

Where is the log-mean?



Compare in fixed conc packed bed



equivalent eq. diagram



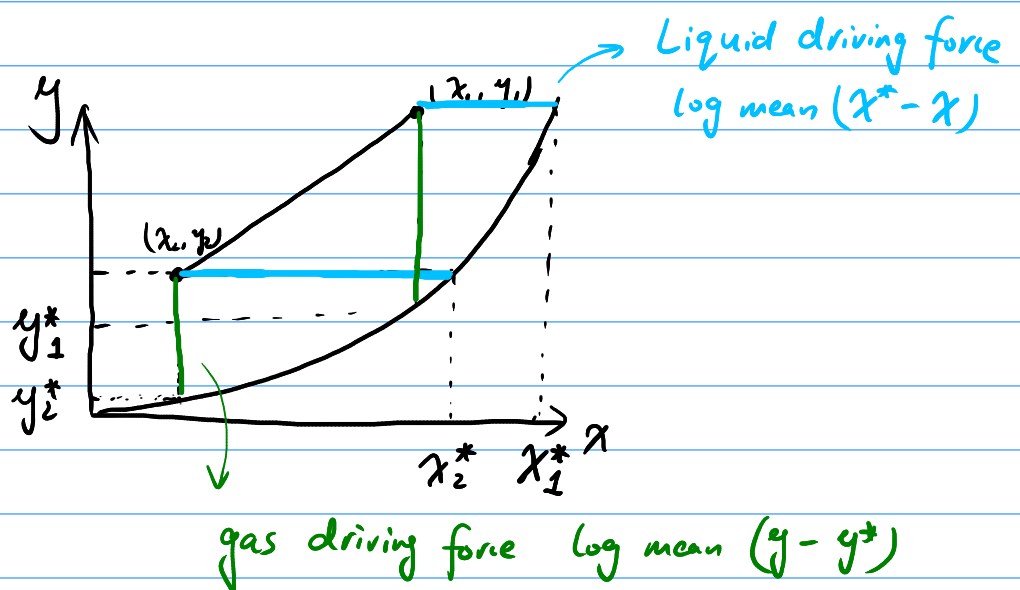
Other forms

$$\text{Liquid: } \frac{L}{S} (x_1 - x_2) = k_x' a Z (x_i - x)_m$$

Using overall coefficients

$$\text{Gas } \frac{V}{S} (y_1 - y_2) = K_y' a Z (y - y^*)_m$$

$$\text{Liq } \frac{L}{S} (x_1 - x_2) = K_x' a Z (x^* - x)_m$$



How do we see V & L ?

$$\text{Usually } V = \frac{V_1 + V_2}{2}$$

$$L = \frac{L_1 + L_2}{2}$$